

Vision/Goals: The goal of the language arts department is to teach and inspire students to be strong readers, writers, speakers, and listeners. We strive to help students recognize the importance of literacy in their lives and to develop a love and passion for reading and writing. One way we do this is by challenging students to read 30 books by the end of the year. Students are given time in their language arts classes to read independently, and they also have time in their daily Literacy Block class. In addition, all students are expected to read a minimum of twenty minutes each night at home. We also teach students narrative writing, informational writing, and argumentative writing throughout the year using Lucy Calkins Units of Study curriculum.

### 6th Grade Units of Study:

◆ Nonfiction ◆ Poetry ◆ Short Stories ◆ Drama ◆ Folk Literature/ Multicultural Literature ◆

### Reading, Writing, and Communicating Grade Level Expectations at a Glance

Standard	Grade Level Expectation	
Sixth Grade		
Oral Expression and Listening	<ol> <li>Successful group discussions require planning and participation by all</li> </ol>	
Reading for All Purposes	Understanding the meaning within different types of literature depends on properly analyzing literary components     Organizing structure to understand and analyze factual information     Word meanings are determined by how they are designed and how they are used in context	
3. Writing and Composition	Writing literary genres for intended audiences and purposes requires ideas, organization, and voice     Writing informational and persuasive genres for intended audiences and purposes require ideas, organization, and voice develop     Specific editing for grammar, usage, mechanics, and clarity gives writing its precision and legitimacy	
4. Research and Reasoning	Individual and group research projects require obtaining information on a topic from a variety of sources and organizing it for presentation     Assumptions can be concealed, and require identification and evaluation     Monitoring the thinking of self and others is a disciplined way to maintain awareness	

#### 7th Grade Units of Study:

Standard

♦ Holocaust
 ♦ Narrative Writing and Short Stories
 ♦ Argument/Commentary
 ♦ The Outsiders

## Reading, Writing, and Communicating Grade Level Expectations at a Glance

Stanuaru	drade Level Expectation	
Seventh Grade		
Oral Expression and Listening	Formal presentations require preparation and effective delivery     Small and large group discussions rely on active listening and the effective contributions of all participants	
Reading for All Purposes	Literary elements, characteristics, and ideas are interrelated and guide the comprehension of literary and fictional texts     Informational and persuasive texts are summarized and evaluated     Purpose, tone, and meaning in word choices influence literary, persuasive, and informational texts	
3. Writing and Composition	Composing literary and narrative texts that incorporate a range of stylistic devices demonstrates knowledge of genre features     Organization is used when composing informational and persuasive texts     Editing writing for proper grammar, usage, mechanics, and clarity improves written work	
4. Research and Reasoning	Answering a research question logically begins with obtaining and analyzing information from a variety of sources     Logical information requires documented sources     Reasoned material is evaluated for its quality using both its logic and its use of a medium	

## **8th Grade Units of Study:**

Short Stories ♦ The Hero's Journey ♦ Civil Rights/Research ♦ Romeo and Juliet/Urban Literature ♦ The Soundtrack of My Life ◆ Argument and Commentary

# Reading, Writing, and Communicating Grade Level Expectations at a Glance Grade Level Expectation

Standard

Standard	Grade Level Expectation
<b>Eighth Grade</b>	
Oral Expression and Listening	Communication skills and interviewing techniques are required to gather information and to develop and deliver oral presentations     A variety of response strategies clarifies meaning or messages
2. Reading for All Purposes	Quality comprehension and interpretation of literary texts demand self-monitoring and self-assessment
	<ol><li>Quality comprehension and interpretation of informational and persuasive texts demand monitoring and self-assessment</li></ol>
	<ol> <li>Context, grammar, and word choice influence the understanding of literary, persuasive, and informational texts</li> </ol>
Writing and Composition	<ol> <li>Stylistic devices and descriptive details in literary and narrative texts are organized for a variety of audiences and purposes and evaluated for quality</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Ideas and supporting details in Informational and persuasive texts are organized for a variety of audiences and purposes and evaluated for quality</li> </ol>
	Editing writing for grammar, usage, mechanics, and clarity is an essential trait of a well-written document
Research and Reasoning	<ol> <li>Individual research projects begin with information obtained from a variety of sources, and is organized, documented, and presented using logical procedures</li> </ol>
	Common fallacies and errors occur in reasoning
	Quality reasoning relies on supporting evidence in media